

Fall Vegetables

Asparagus (*Asparagus officinalis*)



Millennium

Superior all-around performer. Maintains tip tightness and produces more male plants, with higher fern vigor and survival. Does well in a variety of soil conditions, including heavy soils. Standard harvest 3 years after planting.



Purple Passion

Purple spears with sweeter flavor and more tender stalks than most green varieties. Color fades when cooked, but excellent flavor is retained. A colorful option for raw eating in salads. Standard harvest 2 years after planting.

Beets (*Beta vulgaris*)



Bull's Blood

Heirloom variety produces deep burgundy leaves for salad or micro mix. Roots show attractive candy-striped zoning when sliced. 35 days baby leaf. 58 days roots.



Touchstone Gold

Excellent, sweet flavor and retains its golden color when cooked. Smooth, round roots with green petioles and leaves. 55 days.



Red Ace

Reliable, adaptable, and fast-maturing beet with strong tops. Sweet and tender, even when older. Medium-tall, red-veined greens for bunching. 50 days.

Bok Choy (*Brassica rapa chinensis*)



Black Summer Choi

Broad, flat, light green petioles are topped with oval dark green leaves. Forms a perfect vase shape even when small. Nice compliment to 'Joi Choi'. Very slow bolting. 45 days.



Joi Choi

Heavy, vigorous white-stem Bok Choy. Broad, 12-15" tall, heavy bunch with dark green leaves and thick, flattened white petioles. 50 days

Fall Vegetables

Broccoli (*Brassica oleracea italica*)



Emerald Crown

Excellent fall crop tolerant of purpling. Smaller plant with large, bright green heads. Very adaptable. 59 Days.



Marathon

Late variety, highly tolerant to cold. Uniform, medium-large, dark green heads. No. 1 fall and winter variety. 68 days.

Brussels Sprouts (*Brassica oleracea gemmifera*)



Gladius

Blue-green sprouts are uniform in size and color and hold well on their stalks. Plants resist lodging. Medium-small sprouts. For early and mid-fall harvest. 98 days.



Silvia

Early maturing variety that can produce 45-50 sprouts per stalk. A great choice for tight spaces. 103 days.

Cabbage (*Brassica oleracea capitata*)



Integro

Mid to late red variety, with uniform, medium sized heads and good flavor. Leaves are thick and crisp, but not tough. Has a short core and is long-standing in the field or home garden. 85 days.



Storage No. 4

For fresh use and storage. Makes nice heads even under fertility or weather stress. Solid blue-green heads are round with a tapered base, have delicious, crisp leaves, and are capable of long-term storage into spring. Excellent eating quality from storage. 95 days.

Fall Vegetables

Cabbage (*Brassica oleracea capitata*)



Buscaro

Late maturing variety suitable for fresh use or short-term storage. Good flavor makes it especially nice for slaws and salads. Heads are set high off the ground on tall plants for better air circulation and plant health. 98 days.

Carrots (*Daucus carota var. sativus*)



Napoli

Ideal for over-wintering. Cylindrical, smooth, blunt roots with a sweet taste. Best for growing in fall for winter harvest. 58 days.



Romance

Deep orange, blunt-tipped roots average 6-7" long. Excellent uniformity. High yielding plants with medium-size healthy tops. 65 days.



Sugarsnax 54

Dark orange roots are smooth, sweet, and tender. 9-10" long roots are high in beta-carotene, an antioxidant and important source of vitamin A. 68 days.

Cauliflower (*Brassica oleracea botrytis*)



Snow Crown

Fast-growing and tolerant of a wide range of growing conditions. High quality, medium-size heads, and good tolerance to moderate fall frost. 50 days.



Amazing

Medium-size plants with domed, solid curds and self-blanching, upright wrapper leaves when well fed. Tolerant to both heat and cold stress. 68 days.

Fall Vegetables

Celery (*Apium graveolens*)



Tango

Highly adaptable variety with great flavor and tender stalks. Performs well under less than ideal growing conditions, such as heat or moisture stress. 80 days.

Collards (*Brassica oleracea*)



Champion

Improved Vates selection. Large, dark green, cabbage-like leaves retain eating quality up to 2 weeks longer. Compact plants with increased bolt resistance and winter hardiness. 60 days.



Flash

Very slow to bolt with very high yields. Flash offers repeated harvests of smooth, dark green leaves. 55 days.



Top Bunch

Georgia-type hybrid. Tall productive plants produce medium green, slightly savoyed leaves. Earliest to harvest. 50 days.

Kale (*Brassica oleracea*)



Black Magic

Lacinato or “dinosaur” type kale. A well-maintained selection of ‘Toscano.’ Dark blue-green leaves with attractive savoy. Narrow leaves make tall, straight bunches. 65 days.



Redbor

Deep, red-purple, frilly leaves. For full-size bunching, baby salad mix, or garnish. Redness and curling are enhanced by cold weather. Very productive. 55 days.

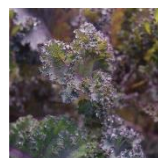
Fall Vegetables

Kale (*Brassica oleracea*)



Red Russian

Tender, colorful variety for salad mix. Stems are purple, leaves are deep gray-green, purple-veined, flat, non-curved and tooth-edged. Leaves are very tender. 25 days baby, 50 days mature.



Scarlet

Broad, purple frilly leaves. Darker color than 'Redbor.' Plant heights are not quite as uniform as other varieties, but an excellent choice for baby leaf or bunching. 30 days baby, 55 days mature.



White Russian

Vigorous plants with attractive blue-green leaves and long, white petioles. Makes a wonderful complement to Red Russian kale, with similar, toothed leaf shape. Frost tolerant. 50 days.



Toscano

Lacinato or "dinosaur" type. Italian heirloom. Extra-dark green, non-curved but heavily savoyed leaves. Rich, tender leaves have a softer texture than curly green kales. Tolerant of both hot and cold weather. 30 days baby, 65 days mature.



Westlandse

USDA certified organic. Blue-green, curly leaves with vigorous production. 32 days baby, 60 days mature.



Winterbor

Ruffled, blue-green leaves have an attractive curl. Vigorous plants will continue growing to produce leaves for successive harvests. 60 days mature.

Leeks (*Allium porrum*)



King Richard

Remarkable earliness and length up to a foot long to the first leaf. Upright, medium green leaves. For baby leeks, plant closely and harvest at finger size. 75 days.

Fall Vegetables

Lettuce (*Lactuca sativa*) Green Butterhead/Bibb



Buttercrunch

Crisp and sweet. Forms a small, open but tightly bunched, 6" rosette with dark green leaves and small compact hearts that blanch to an appetizing yellow color. 28 days baby, 46 days full size.

Greenleaf



Tropicana

Best heat and bolt tolerance of green leaf types. Plants produce full heads with heavy, medium green leaves. Tolerant to tip burn. 52 days.



Nevada

Boasting both heat and cold tolerance, Nevada makes a good all-season choice. Bright green ruffled leaves have a great taste and mild flavor. Ideal for early or successive plantings. 48 days.



Bergam's Green

Dark green savoyed leaves with a wavy leaf margin. Uniform, dense heads are high yielding with good flavor. Heads are full-sized and dependable. 51 days.



Starfighter

Heat-tolerant, disease-resistant green leaf. Starfighter produces high yields with great flavor to match. Uniform, medium-size heads are dark-green and slightly savoyed. 52 days.

Green Oakleaf



Panisse

Large, lime-green, lobed oak leaves with excellent flavor. Compact full-size heads with disease resistance. Best for early or late plantings. 28 days baby, 48 days full size.

Fall Vegetables

Lettuce (*Lactuca sativa*)

Green Oakleaf



Salad Bowl

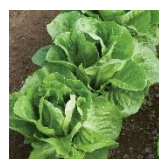
Forms large, lime-green rosettes of delicate, lobed, oakleaf-like leaves. Good resistance to bolting and moderate heat tolerance. 1952 AAS winner. 28 days baby, 49 days full size.

Green Romaine



Green Forest

An early, tall, dark green, Paris Island type. Slow bolting, tolerant to tipburn, and has smooth ribs. Leaves are thick, crisp, juicy and sweet. 56 days.



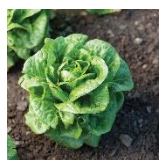
Coastal Star

A favorite for many market gardeners and home gardeners alike, Large, heavy heads are dark green with a sweet flavor, and boast good heat tolerance. 57 days.



Sparx

High yielding, upright, dense heads produce long, uniform hearts with good flavor. Attractive appearance makes this a great variety for market stalls and retail displays. 58 days.



Winter Density

A sweeter romaine with narrow, delicate leaves and thinner ribs. Heat and frost tolerant. Older variety with modern adaptations. 44 days.

Red Butterhead



Red Cross

The reddest butterhead. Large, fancy, bright red heads with a soft, folded, and blanched heart. Excellent sweet flavor. Good heat tolerance. 48 days.

Fall Vegetables

Lettuce (*Lactuca sativa*)

Redleaf



New Red Fire

Heavy, full heads with frilly leaves of deep red over green. Taste stays mild for a long time without bitterness. Slow bolting. 55 days.



Ruby Sky

Ruffled leaves are intense purple-red at the tips, and green at the inner base. Highly productive, with dense, heavy heads and good field holding. 58 days.

Red Oakleaf



Oscarde

Attractive, lobed leaves are deep cherry-red, turning bright green toward the dense, tender heart. Can be grown for baby leaf but best for the compact, full size heads. Suitable for spring and fall crops. 28 days baby, 48 days full size.



Red Salad Bowl

Radiant burgundy red, deeply lobed, delicate oak-like leaves. Matures early, holds it mild, non-bitter salad quality a long time, and is slow to bolt. 28 days baby, 51 days full size.

Red Romaine

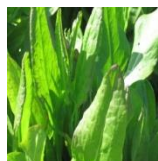


Outredgeous

Outstanding, solid bright red leaves with ruffled edges. Full-sized heads are big, tall, and beautiful. Very flavorful. 28 days baby, 57 days full size.

Fall Vegetables

Sorrel (*Rumex spp.*)



French Sorrel

Tender, fresh green leaves have an intense lemony flavor. Produces some of the earliest greens in spring and latest in fall. Use in salads, soups and sauces.

Perennial. 35 days baby, 60 days full size.



Red Veined Sorrel

Bloody Sorrel. Bright green leaves with contrasting dark maroon stems and veins. Same tangy flavor as regular sorrel. Best when harvested young for baby salad mixes.

55 days.

Spinach (*Spinacia oleracea*)



Acadia

Upright plants with glossy, dark green, oval leaves. Great regrowth for "cut and come again" harvest. Grows more slowly than most of our overwintered varieties when late-winter sown. 27 days.



Hammerhead

Medium green, upright spinach with slightly elongated, round, cupped leaves. Similar to Emperor in leaf shape, but faster growing and more uniform, with a thicker, more savoyed, darker green leaf. 27 days.



Kookaburra

Upright variety making it easy to harvest for both baby and full-size leaves. Attractive, semi-savoy, dark green, oval leaves. Great flavor. 26 days.



Space

Medium dark green leaves are upright and smooth to slightly savoyed. Resistant to downy mildew and leaf spot. Tried and true variety. 25 days.

Fall Vegetables

Spinach (*Spinacia oleracea*)



Equinox

Faster growing, slower bolting, and much more uniform than Bloomsdale. Upright plants with fully savoyed leaves on long stems. 29 days.



Seaside

Upright, dark green leaves, that are somewhat spade shaped. Stays small, which extends the baby leaf harvest window.

Swiss Chard (*Beta vulgaris cicla*)



Bright Lights

Stems of many colors including gold, pink, orange, purple, red, and white. Lightly savoyed, green or bronze leaves. Mild tasting. 28 days baby, 55 days bunching.



Magenta Sunset

Pink-veined baby leaves are excellent in salad mix. At full size, the narrow pink stems and smooth leaves have a mild flavor. 28 days baby, 55 days bunching.



Ruby Red

Candy-apple red stems with dark green, red-veined leaves. Excellent as a true red color in salad mixes. Tender with good flavor. 32 days baby, 59 days bunching.

Turnips (*Brassica rapa*)



Purple Top White Globe

Selected strain of this popular Southern US variety. Smooth, round roots are white below the soil line and bright purple above. Edible green tops are suitable for cooking. 50 days.

Photos and some descriptions courtesy of Johnny's Selected Seeds